The Concept of Prophetic Learning Modelin Learning Islamic Religious Education at School

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Abstract. The model of Islamic Religious Education Learning at schools currently has not been able to overcome students' moral problems. The purpose of this study is to describe the concept of a prophetic learning model in learning Islamic Religious Education at schools which is believed to be able to overcome moral problems that have been symptomatic in society. Through library research, it was found that the concept of the prophetic learning model in learning Islamic Religious Education at schools is a conceptual framework that describes a systematic and planned procedure in organizing the Islamic Religious Education learning experience that develops prophetic values, such as humanization, liberation, and transcendence based on Al-Qur'an and the Sunnah of the Prophet PBUH to become a human being like Prophet Muhammad PBUH. This prophetic learning has several model components like syntax, reactionalprinciple, social and support system, instructional and accompaniment impact. Throughthis learning model, it is hoped that educators and students can have prophetic awareness which can be seen in their personal and social piety.

Keyword: Learning Model; Prophetic; Islamic Religious Education

1 Introduction

Several basic problems have Islamicreligious education in Indonesia include the strategy and management of Islamic education which is considered imperfect [1]. The approach to teaching Islamic religious education tends to be doctrinal and separated from other sciencesmakes Islamic education difficult to achieve its goals [2]. The teaching strategy of Islamic religious education at schools emphasizes more on the cognitive aspects rather than on the affective aspects [3] and develops students' understanding of religion more than instilling a sincere attitude in religion. The internalization of religious values in most schools is considered a failure by teachers because of the emergence of the phenomena of moral decadence and intolerance among students, radical understanding, brawls leading to violence, rudeness, thuggery, drug abuse, promiscuity, etc.

Several studies have been carried out, including by PPIM of Syarif Hidayatullah State Islamic University and Ma'arif Institute (2016,2017, 2018) which concluded that radicalism and intolerance have spread in educational institutions. These are questions about the role of Islamicreligious education teachers at schools. Research conducted by CISForm Sunan Kalijaga State Islamic University in 2019 has found that the emergence of the phenomenon of radicalism and intolerance among students cannot be separated from the institution that produces Islamic religious teachers or Islamic Religious Education Study Program which

becomes one of the weak points of the Islamicreligious education study program in producing teachers lies in its curriculum [4].

Based on the above thoughts, the author aims to examine the concept of Islamic Religious Education learning model which is believed to be able to overcome problems of school students, under the title "The Concept of Prophetic Learning Model in Islamic Religious Education Learning at Schools."

Previously, there have been studies and research on prophetic education, including the study of Moh. Roqib under the title "Prophetic Creative Children Education" [5] and the study by Khoiron Rosyadi under the title "Prophetic Education" [6]. However, that research have not focused on the prophetic learning model in learning Islamic Religious Education at schools. This study tries to describe the concept of a prophetic learning model in Islamicreligious education learning at schools which arehoped be a solution in overcoming the moral problems of students at schools.

2 Method

The method of this article is library research. This study limits its activities only to library collection materials without the need for field research [6]. The collection materials are books, journals, scientific works, and anything related to the study variables. In searching for the data, the writer uses documentation studies, and the data analysis technique is content analysis, which is to reveal, understand, and capture the message of a work. The presentation of the data in this study leads to a qualitative descriptive explanation.

3 Result and Discussion

3.1. The concept of a prophetic learning model in learning Islamic Religious Education

The concept of prophetic learning model in learning Islamic Religious Education at schools is a concept formulated from several existing theories and is associated with learning Islamic religious education at schools. The following are the results of his research.

3.1.1 Definition of prophetic learning model

The great dictionary of Indonesian language explains that the word "model" literally means a pattern (e.g., variety reference, etc.) [7]. Learning means a system or process of teaching students or learners that is planned or designed, implemented, and evaluated systematically so that students can achieve learning objectives effectively and efficiently[8]. Furthermore, in terminology, there are several meanings of learning models, including as stated by Briggs that the learning model is a set of procedures and sequences or realize a process [9]. Joyce and Weil argue that the learning model is a plan or pattern that can be used to form a curriculum, design learning materials in the classroom or other appropriate and efficient to achieve learning objectives [9].

The term "prophetic" comes from English prophetical which has a prophetic meaning or the nature that exists in a prophet, that is a prophet who has not only characteristics as an ideal human being spiritually and individually, but also a pioneer of change, guiding people towards improvement and carrying out strugglesrelentlessly against oppression. Kuntowijoyo included the word "prophetic" in his discoveries on prophetic social sciences. He argues that prophetic social sciencenot only explains and changes social phenomena but also provides directions towards the transformation that is carried out, for whom, and by whom. He believes that there are three main pillars in prophetic social science as well as prophetic ideals; humanization, liberation, and transcendence. This is as stated in surah Ali Imran verse 110 [10].

Prophetic education is an educational process that effort to develop three dimensions of socialchanges: humanization., liberation and transcendence in an education system of moral and religious values and a modern education system of human values [11]. Another explains that prophetic learning is a educational process that makes changes based on ethical and prophetic ideals derived from cultural values, religious teachings and moral values[12]. The otheris that prophetic education is a process to build an ideal social community (*khairul ummah*) and achieve intellectual, emotional, and moral of the learners by transferring knowledge and prophetic values that aims to build morals and to get closer to God and nature[12].

3.1.2 The philosophical basis of the prophetic learning model

The prophetic learning model is based on prophetic philosophy which reflects on the form of the singleness (*ittihad*) of God Almighty (*Ahad*), which is transcendent and sacred with relative and profane human beings. Unity is manifested and articulated in the form of Muslim behavior that always upholds divine values, humanity, and nature in the sense of being friendly with the universe. Human behavior that is qualified, polite, continues to act for the common good, and likes peace. The dialectic of man, nature and God was developed which resulted in a new product of a thought that was more comprehensive and useful for humanity. Prophetic philosophy leads humans to the divine and prophetic realms that move all potentials in a positive direction. This philosophy touches the philosophy of love which eventually produces the philosophy of motion[13].

3.1.3 The Purpose of Prophetic Learning Model in Learning Islamic Religious Educationat Schools

The prophetic learning model in Islamic Religious Education learning aims to develop prophetic values like humanization, liberation, and transcendence based on al-Qur'an and the Sunnah of the Prophet PBUH for students to become human beings who have a high level of personal and social piety and nature.

3.1.4 The Principles of Prophetic Learning Model

In its application, prophetic learning model holds the following principles: a) Integrating the values of humanization, liberation, and transcendence based on Al-Quran and Sunnah in learning; b) Integrating the manifestation of the divine, human and natural values in the form of behavior of educators and students in learning; and c) Integrating values rooted in religious teachings, culture, and moral and ethical values of the nation.

3.1.5 The Components of Prophetic Learning Model in Learning Islamic Religious Education at Schools.

A learning model is essentially a form of learning that is illustrated from the beginning to the end which is presented by the teacher. According to some experts, each model has elements that mark its characteristics and are integrated into its application. The prophetic learning model in Islamic Religious Education learning at schools in this discussion refers to the component model concept proposed by Joyce and Weil[14][15]. The characteristics that mark this prophetic learning model are that each component of the model, it integrates the application and development of prophetic values such as humanization, liberalization, and transcendence. The components of the model in question are:

1) Syntax

Syntax is a series of learning activities that emphasize the aspects of humanization, liberation, and transcendence of educators and students, that is the learning that emphasizes the development of human potential, eliminating the pressure, threats, coercion leading to violence, as well as liberating from injustice and prioritizing the values of sincerity, affection and the blessings of knowledge and its usefulness in learning. In other words, syntax is a description of the model in action [16]. The syntax of the prophetic learning model developed in this model is the syntax of the model according to Sounders, known as REACT; which means Relating, Experiencing, Applying, Cooperating, and Transferring. Activities of the syntax of the prophetic learning model, are illustrated in the following table:

2) Social System

A social system is a pattern of relationships between students and between students and teachers built on prophetic values: humanization, liberation, and transcendence. The principle of this social system is cooperative and integrated. Teachers are also expected to encourage students to explore and internalize concepts and values [17]. The main characteristics of this model of the social system are independence, responsibility and cooperation, mutual respect based on honesty in solving problems. Every student has the same right to express opinions, discuss, help each other debate dialogue, and respect each other.

3) Reactional Principles

Reactional Principles relate to how the teacher pays attention and treats students, including how the teacher responds to questions, answers, responses, or what students do. The prophetic learning model in Islamic Religious Education subjects at schools is based on prophetic philosophy and the philosophy of motion that leads teachers and students to be able to feel a relationship with God or to lead teachers and students to the divine and prophetic realms that move all potentials in a positive direction and the emphasis on learning that is centered on students' activities[18].

4) Support System

The support systems needed so that this model can be implemented properly are the personalities of the Islamic Religious Education teacher who is religious, professional, warm, and skillful in managing the implementation of the model. The teacher's personality competence becomes the basis for implementing this learning model because he or she will be a figure to be imitated and become a model. As the Prophet Muhammad PBUH that long before he carried out his prophetic function, he had been prepared by Allah to become an ideal figure. He started his life by displaying a good personality. He is known as al-Amin, a person who can be trusted by his community and an honest and responsible person. This personality has a great influence on his competence in carrying out his apostolic mission so that he is finally able to produce friends who are able to pioneer the next Islamic civilization. Especially for learning tools, the very basic thing that Islamic Religious Education teachers need to prepare and serve as a guide in carrying out learning with this learning model is in the form of a lesson plan which contains the steps of the learning model.

5) Instructional Effects and Indirect Effects or Nurturant Effects

Instructional effects are the effects in the form of learning outcomes that are achieved directly as expected, as planned in the syllabus and lesson plans and indirect effects or nurturant effects; that is the impact achieved by students as a result of the process done by students in doing the act of learning. The impact of accompaniment occurs due to the approach, the student's learning experience in studying a phenomenon (learning topic). The nurturant effects arise because of the learning process that is designed in such a way that it creates a religious attitude, responsible, honest, respectful, brave, and firm, and has high social and environmental concerns.

4 Conclusion

The concept of the prophetic learning model in Islamic Religious Education learning at schools is a conceptual framework that describes a systematic and planned procedure in organizing the Islamic Religious Education learning experience in developing prophetic values; they are humanization, liberation, and transcendence based on al-Qur'an and the Sunnah of the Prophet PBUH for students to have a high level of personal piety, social piety, and nature such as the ideal human figure in the Prophet Muhammad PBUH. In its application, this prophetic learning model has several components: syntax, reaction principle, social system, reaction principle, support system, instructional impact, and accompaniment impact that mark its characteristics.

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